## [emblem of the State of Israel] State of Israel

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<u>Transcripts:</u>	
Session date:	November 23, 2014 (positions of committee members were received over the telephone).
Present:	All members of the committee stated their position over the telephone
Summary of committee discussion:	The committee was requested to provide its opinion as to whether the application raises special humanitarian grounds for granting a stay-permit to the applicant. The decision of the population authority was given on November 19, 2014, whereby the applicant's family unification process was ceased, following the demise of the family unit (the death of her husband). The applicant's husband was one of the terrorists who committed the murderous attack at the synagogue in Jerusalem's Har Nof neighborhood, in which four innocent worshippers were murdered in cold blood and a police officer who arrived to save the worshippers, was also murdered by the applicant's husband and another man.
	The applicant has had a stay permit since 2010, and inasmuch as she was present in Israel prior thereto, she was present in the country unlawfully and without a permit. The eldest son was born before she had a stay permit for Israel. The application was forwarded to the committee for an examination of whether there are special humanitarian grounds for granting an Israeli stay permit under Section 3a1 of the law.
	The committee examined the information relating to the applicant's family, almost all of whom reside in a-Sawahrah (geographically close to where the children live), and the status of the minors, who are permanent residents. The minors in question are very young and they will have to follow their mother. However, their status in Israel is not affected by the mother's status and will not be compromised by their departure with her to the Area.
	Members of the committee unanimously agree that there are no special humanitarian grounds attached to this application.  The aforesaid forms part of the response with respect to the families of murderers, which is meant to effect deterrence and send the message to the public that terrorist attacks of this kind will not go without full, comprehensive reprisal.  In light of the aforesaid, the committee did not find special humanitarian grounds
	for continuing to grant her an Israeli stay-permit.

## Recommendati on to the minister:

The committee recommends the minister reject the application for a stay permit to the applicant, as it does not present special humanitarian grounds for the following reasons: The applicant's husband was one of the terrorists who committed the murderous attack at the synagogue in Jerusalem's Har Nof neighborhood, in which four innocent worshippers were murdered in cold blood and a police officer who arrived to save the worshippers, was also murdered by the applicant's husband and another man.

The family unit ceased to exist following his death.

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The committee examined the information relating to the applicant's family, almost all of whom reside in a-Sawahrah (geographically close to where the children live), and the status of the minors, who are permanent residents. The minors in question are very young and they will have to follow their mother. However, their status in Israel is not affected by the mother's status and will not be compromised by their departure with her to the Area.

Their status is not affected by the mother's status. Even if she removes them to the Area, their status will not be compromised.

Members of the committee unanimously agree that there are no special humanitarian grounds attached to this application.

Position of the Israel Security Agency -

"The aforesaid forms part of the response with respect to the families of murderers, which is meant to effect deterrence and send the message to the public that terrorist attacks of this kind will not go without full, comprehensive reprisal".

In light of the aforesaid, the committee did not find special humanitarian grounds for continuing to grant her an Israeli stay-permit.